Exponents
Exponents are shorthand repeated multiplication of a number (the base) by itself.
For instance, the shorthand (exponent) for multiplying three copies of the number 5 is $5^{3}$.


So, $5^{3}=5 \times 5 \times 5$

$$
25 \times 5=125
$$

Examples:
1)

$$
2^{3}=\underbrace{2 \times 2}_{4 \times 2} \times 2=8
$$

2) $10^{4}=\underbrace{10 \times 10}_{100} \times 10 \times 10=10000$

$$
\underbrace{0 \times 10^{2}}_{100}=1000 \times 10=10000
$$

3) $3^{2}=3 \times 3=9$

Important extra points to remember about exponents:

1) Superscripts/exponents 2 and 3 have special names:
$4^{2} \leftarrow$ squared
$4^{3} \longleftarrow$ cubed
2) Any base to the power of/exponent 1 is equal to the base value
eg. $6^{\prime}=6$

$$
8^{\prime}=8
$$

3) Any base to the power of/exponent $O$ is equal to one!

$$
\begin{array}{r}
\operatorname{eg} \cdot 7^{\circ}=1 \\
10^{\circ}=1
\end{array}
$$

