Proper and Improper Fractions

Proper fractions

A proper fraction is a fraction where the numerator is smaller than the denominator. Fractions prefer this and so we say they are "proper".

eg.
$$\frac{3}{4}$$

If the numerator is the same as the denominator or a multiple of the denominator, then you have a whole number.

$$eg \frac{4}{4} = 1$$
 or $\frac{24}{4} = 6$

Improper fractions

An improper fraction is one where the numerator is larger than the denominator.

$$eg. \frac{4}{3}$$

Mixed numbers

A mixed number is a combination of a whole number and a proper fraction.

We usually convert an improper fraction to a mixed number and then reduce or simplify the proper fraction.

Converting improper fractions to mixed numbers



Each whole is divided into 4 pieces. So, the denominator is 4. There are 10 pieces coloured. So, the improper fraction is:

$$\frac{10}{4} = 2\frac{2}{4}$$
and
$$\frac{7}{4}$$
two wholes
$$= 2\frac{1}{2}$$
(because $\frac{2}{4}$; $\frac{1}{2}$ = $\frac{1}{2}$)

2)
$$\frac{17}{3} = ?$$
 mixed number

Step 1: divide the numerator by the denominator. $17 \div 3 = 5$ R2

So, $5 = \text{wholes}$
 $2 = \text{numerator of your fraction.}$

Answer: $\frac{17}{3} = 5\frac{2}{3}$ (You can't reduce)

Divide the numerator by the denominator.

16:4 = 4 (no remainders)

Divide 51 by 7 = 7 remainder 2 So, $\frac{51}{7} = 7\frac{2}{7}$



Hove you noticed that you REALLY need to know your multiplication tables?

Mixed numbers to improper fractions

You won't have to do this as often but should know how to convert in the opposite direction.