Rules for Rounding Whole Numbers

When rounding numbers, you must first understand the term "rounding digit." When working with whole numbers and rounding to the closest IO, the rounding digit is the second number from the right—or the IO's place.

When rounding to the nearest hundred, the third place from the right is the rounding digit—or the IOO's place.

First, determine what your rounding digit is and then look to the digit at the right side.

If the digit is O, I, 2, 3, or 4, do not change the rounding digit. All digits that are on the righthand side of the requested rounding digit become O.

If the digit is 5, 6, 7, 8, or 9, the rounding digit rounds up by one number. All digits that are on the righthand side of the requested rounding digit will become O.

Rounding Rules for Decimal Numbers

Determine what your rounding digit is and look to the right side of it.

If that digit is 4, 3, 2, or 1, simply drop all digits to the right of it. If that digit is 5, 6, 7, 8, or 9 add one to the rounding digit and drop all digits to the right of it.

Examples of How to Round Numbers 765.3682 becomes:

1,000 when rounding to the nearest 1,000 800 when rounding to the nearest 100 770 when rounding to the nearest 10 765 when rounding to the nearest one (1) 765.4 when rounding to the nearest 10th 765.37 when rounding to the nearest 100th 765.368 when rounding to the nearest (1,000th)